

FETS Technical Meeting: Chopper Update

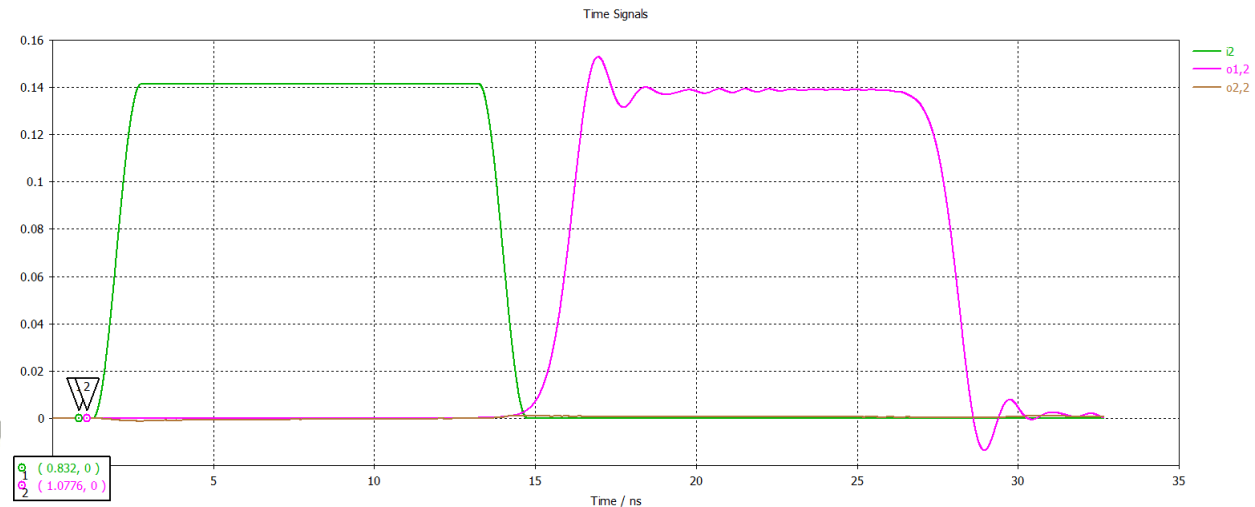
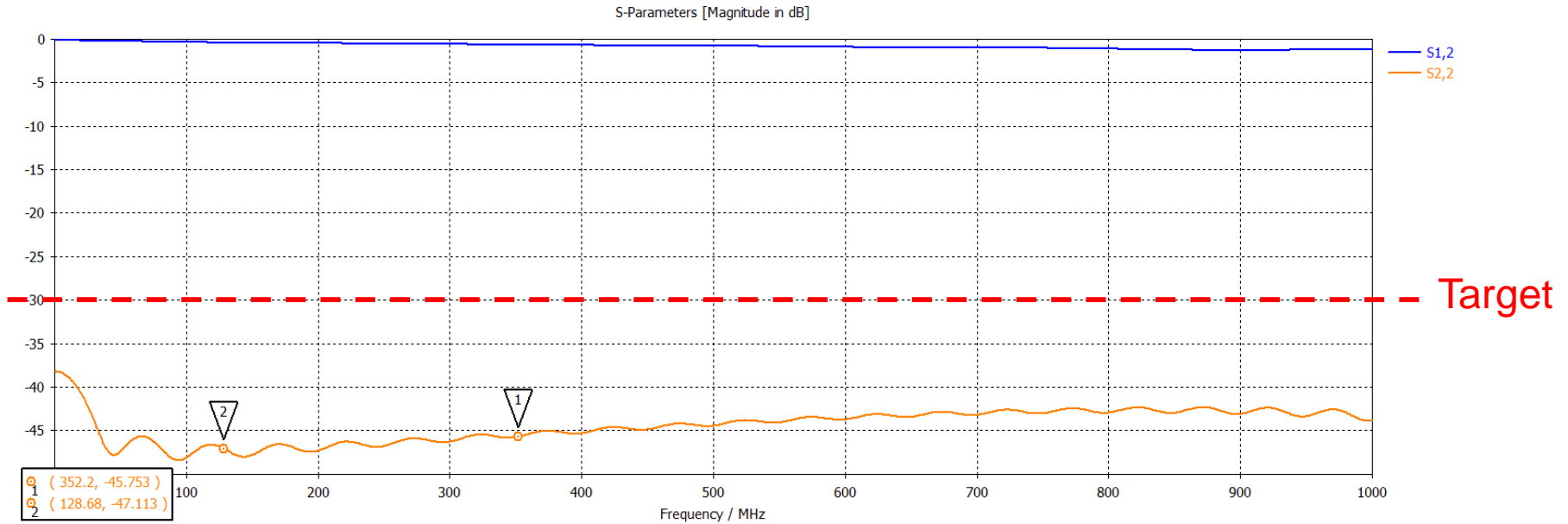
27/04/2016

Chris Wilcox



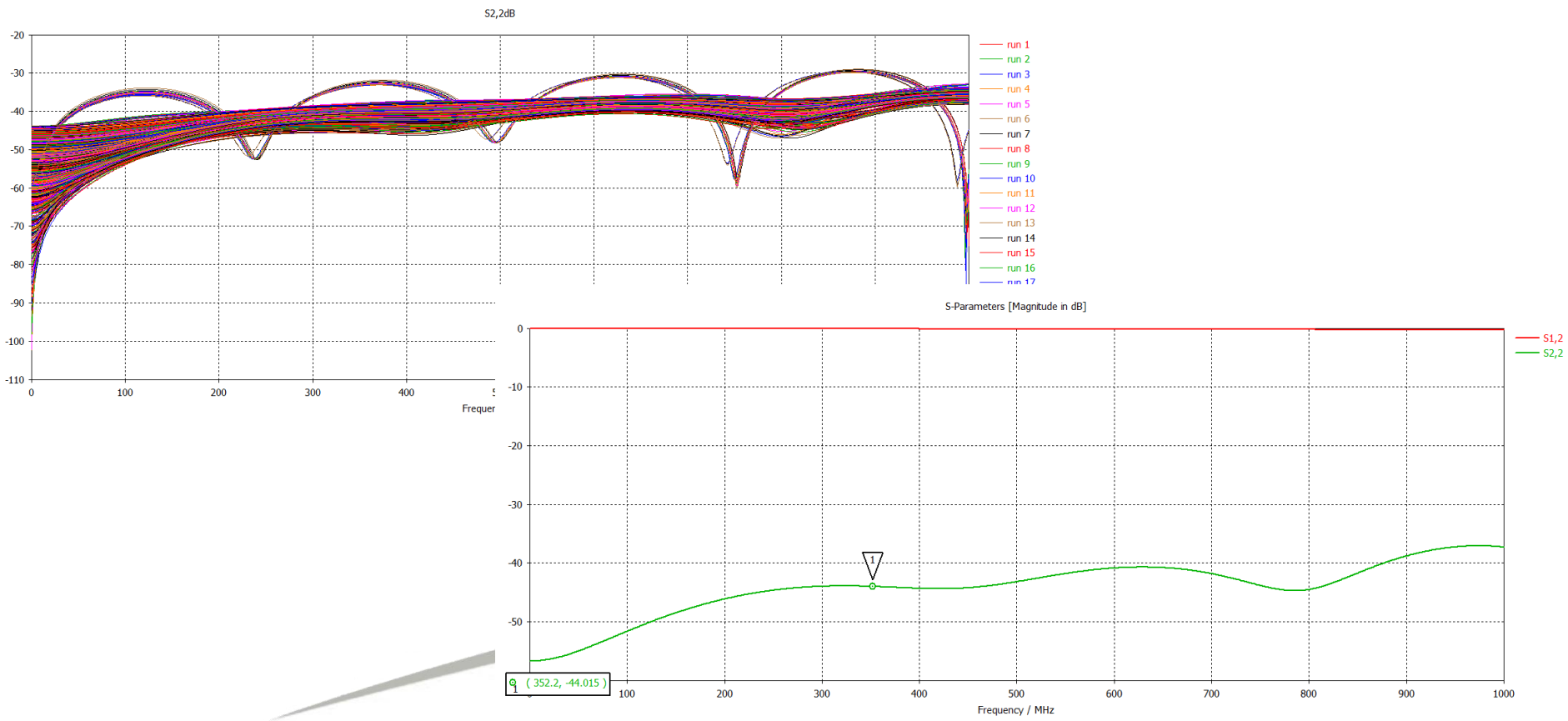
Science & Technology
Facilities Council

Current Design: Transmission Properties over 40 cm



Fine Tuning

- There is still some ongoing fine tuning to further improve the transmission properties.
- Some improvement has been gained but another large scale (>6cm) simulation has not been performed yet for full results.



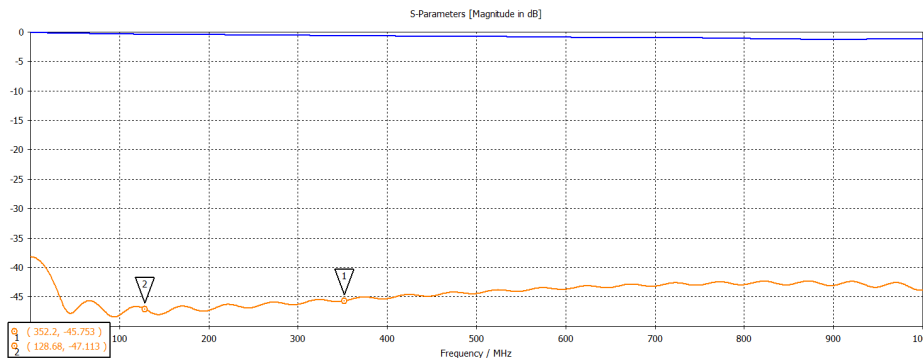
What's next?

- Recreation of the chopper in ANSYS HFSS simulation software to verify the results calculated with CST MWS.
- Further simulation work, studying:
 - Coverage factor of the kicking signal
 - Effective velocity of the fast chopping signal
 - **Current density in the meander line track**
- Finalising the design will require changes to the transverse width of the ceramic substrate, and the overall length of the structure.
 - Dimensions for the chopper vacuum vessel will need to be agreed prior to setting these dimensions
- Discussions with the CERN LINAC4 team:
 - Feedthrough design – preferably done after seeing how the CERN chopper feedthroughs have been designed, as these should be very similar to our own.
 - Discussions with the CERN design team regarding some unexpected differences in dimensions for impedance matching between our and there designs.



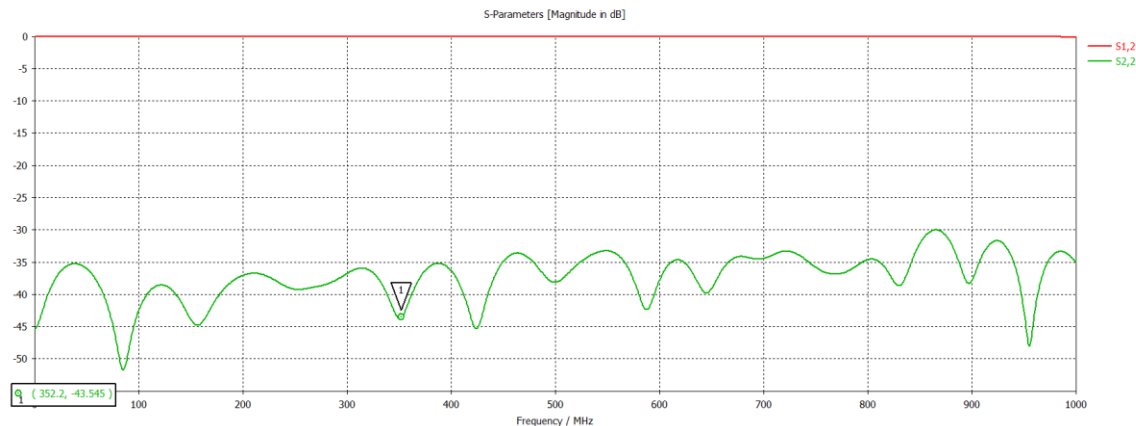
Vacuum Vessel Internal Dimensions

- The inner dimensions of the vacuum vessel have been shown to have a significant impact of the transmission properties of the new chopper.
- How the chopper will be mounted will affect these dimensions.
- Any required cooling for the chopper plate will also need to be considered.
 - This is dependant on the amount of beam expected to collide with the chopper (~1% at CERN).



Scattering parameters of the chopper with +10 mm vacuum added to both transverse edges.

Scattering parameters of the chopper with no vacuum.



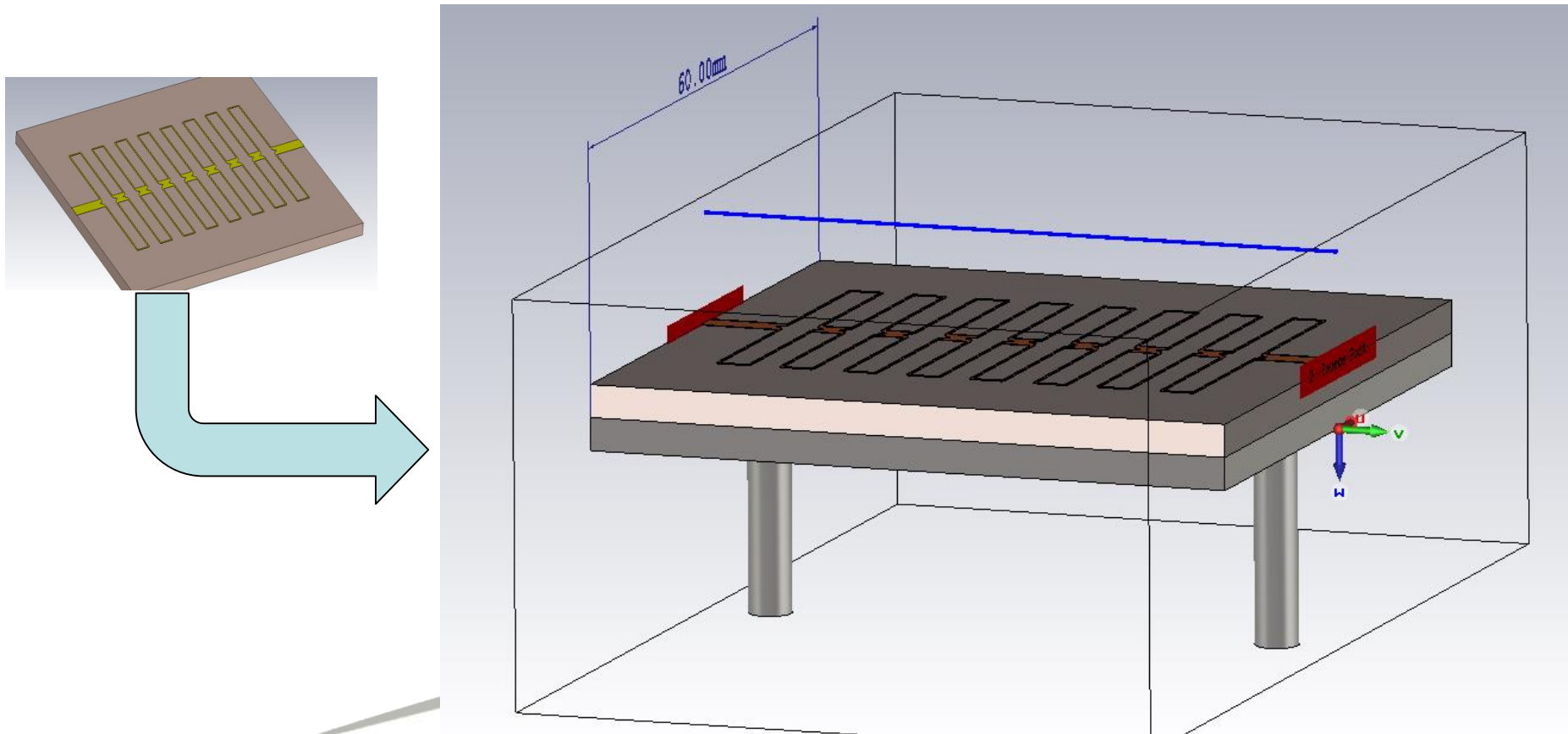
Vacuum Vessel - Feedthroughs

- The feedthroughs of the chopper will need to be designed and impedance matched to the plate to prevent reflected signals.
 - Ideally, these can be the same as those used on the CERN chopper, as both use 50 Ω lines at the feedthrough positions.
 - However this should be discussed with the CERN team as their 50 Ω and 100 Ω line dimensions differ from ours (a separate point that should also be discussed!) and they also use a different length and power of signal.



Increasing the Simulation Scale

- To both design the RF feedthroughs and to optimise the internal vacuum vessel dimensions, the simulation must now include a much larger area of vacuum around the chopper plate:



Discussions with the CERN team

- There are a few things that ideally will be discussed with the CERN chopper team, including:
 - Differing track widths when targeting the same impedances as their design.
 - Requirement for water cooling on the chopper plate.
 - Method of mounting the chopper in the vacuum vessel.
 - Details of the feedthroughs used in the CERN design.
 - Impact of cooling and mounting on the performance of the chopper.

