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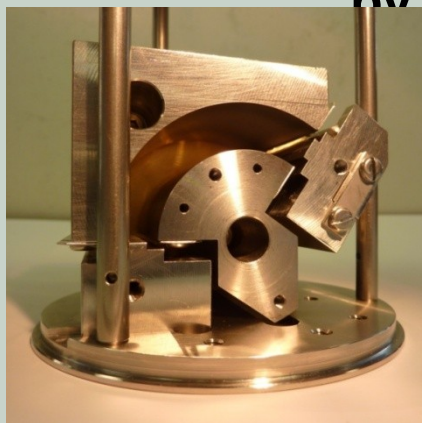
WARWICK



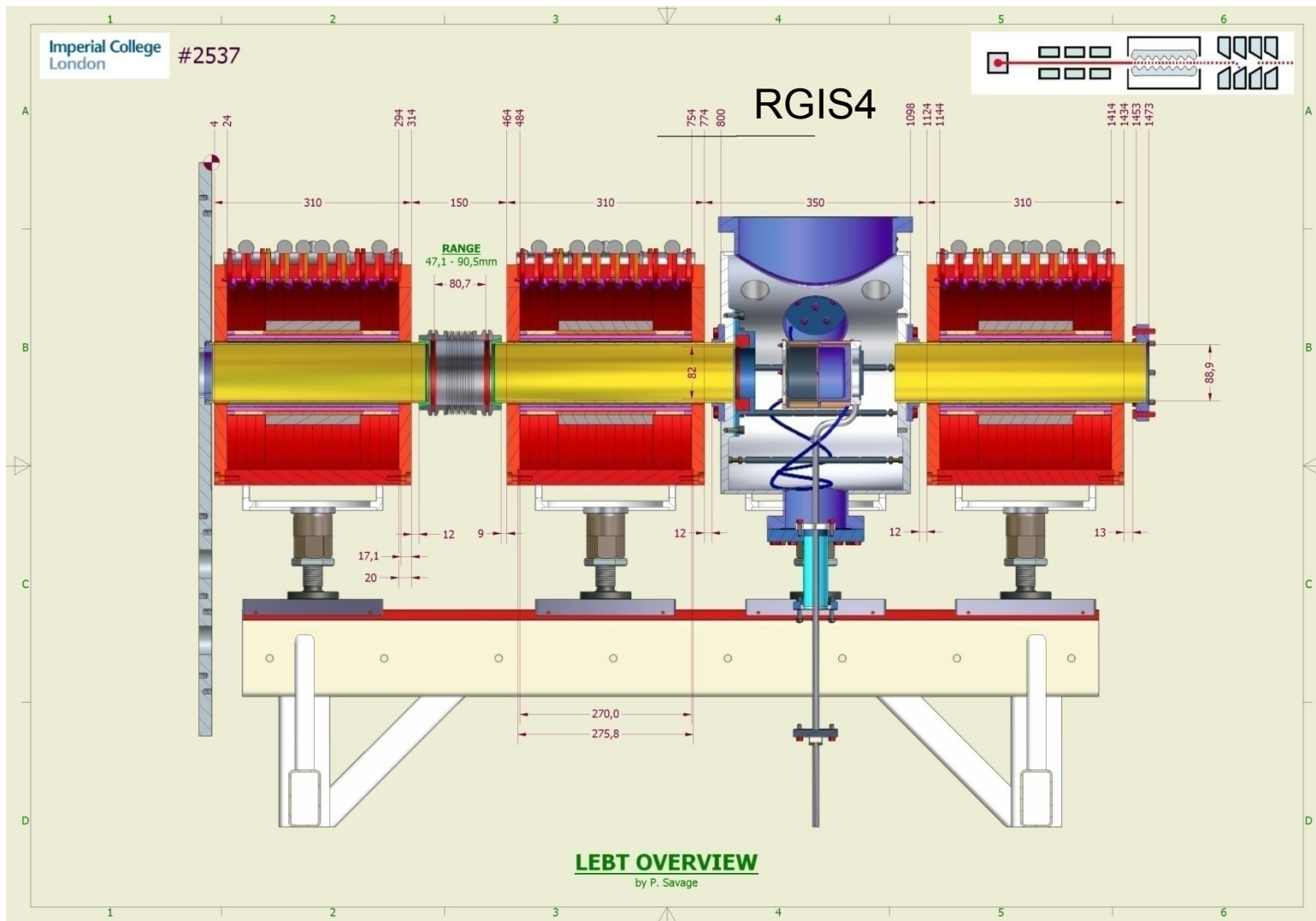
Residual Gas Ion Spectrometer v4 update

March 2012

by J. Pozimski, P. Savage, I. Clark & S. Alsari



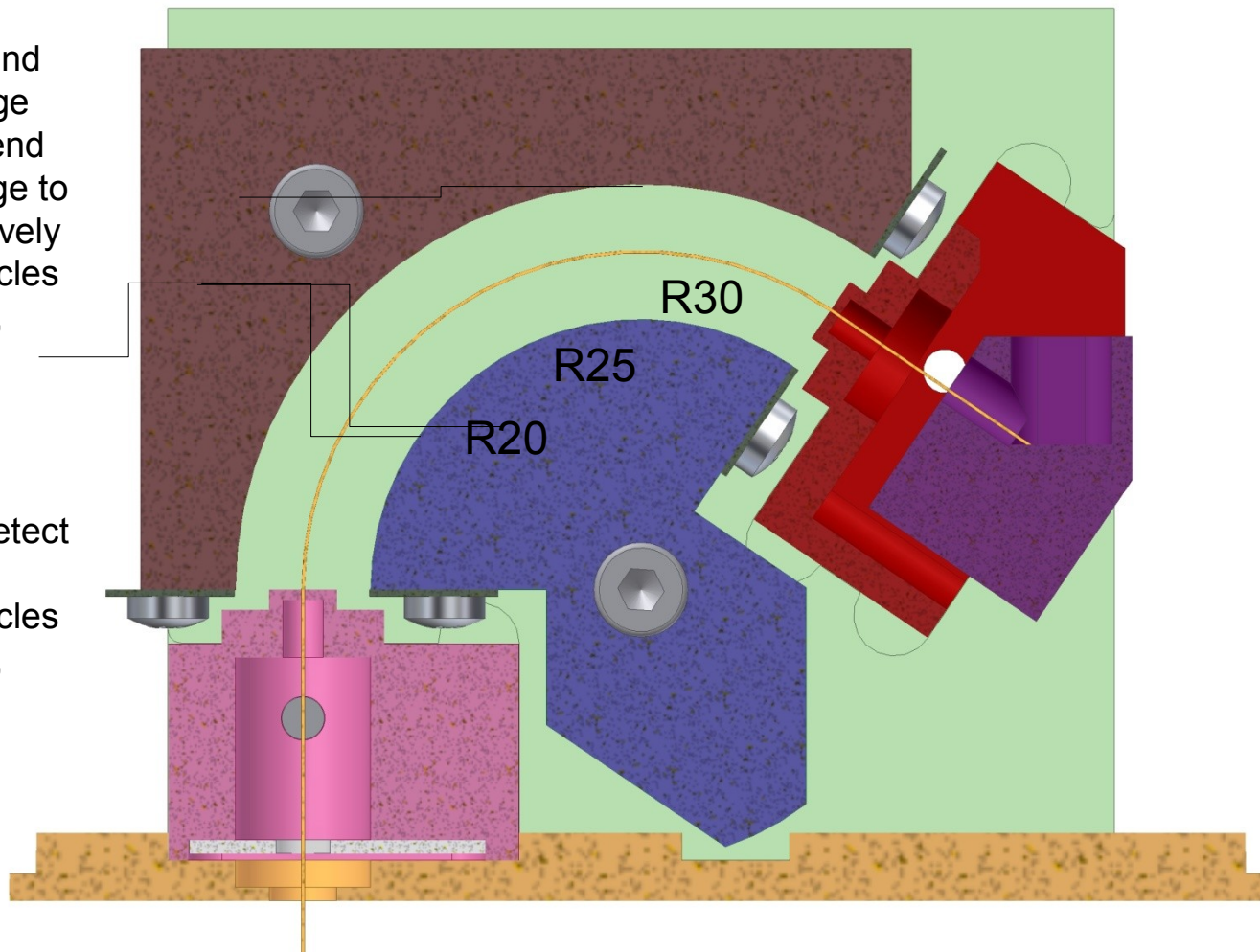
Residual Gas Ion Spectrometer v4 (RGIS4)



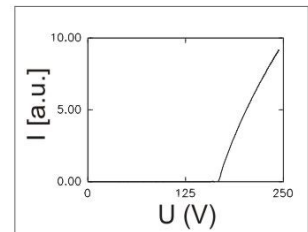
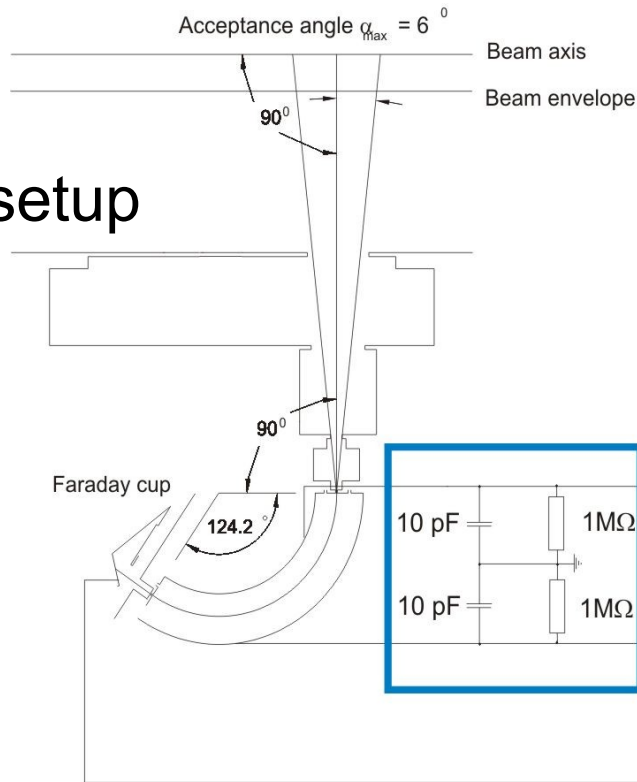
Residual Gas Ion Spectrometer v4 (RGIS4)

Set outer bend to +ve voltage and inner bend to -ve voltage to detect positively charge particles (in our case, residual gas ions)

Reverse the polarity to detect negatively charge particles (in our case, electrons)



Wiring of experimental setup



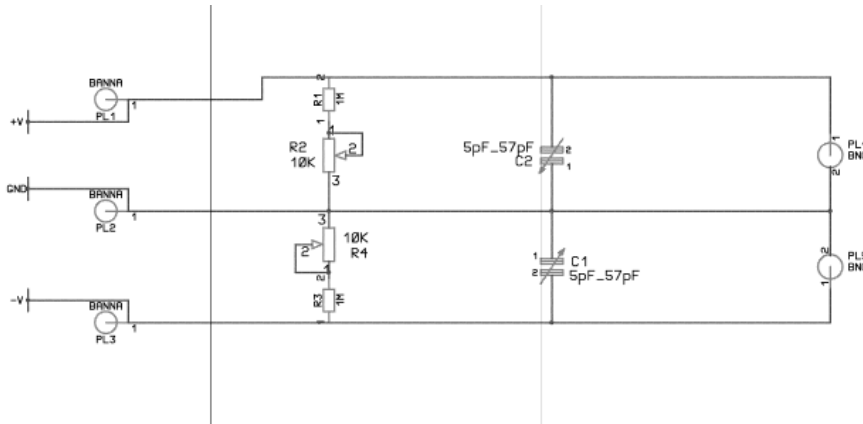
Data aquisition

electronically
controlled
power supply

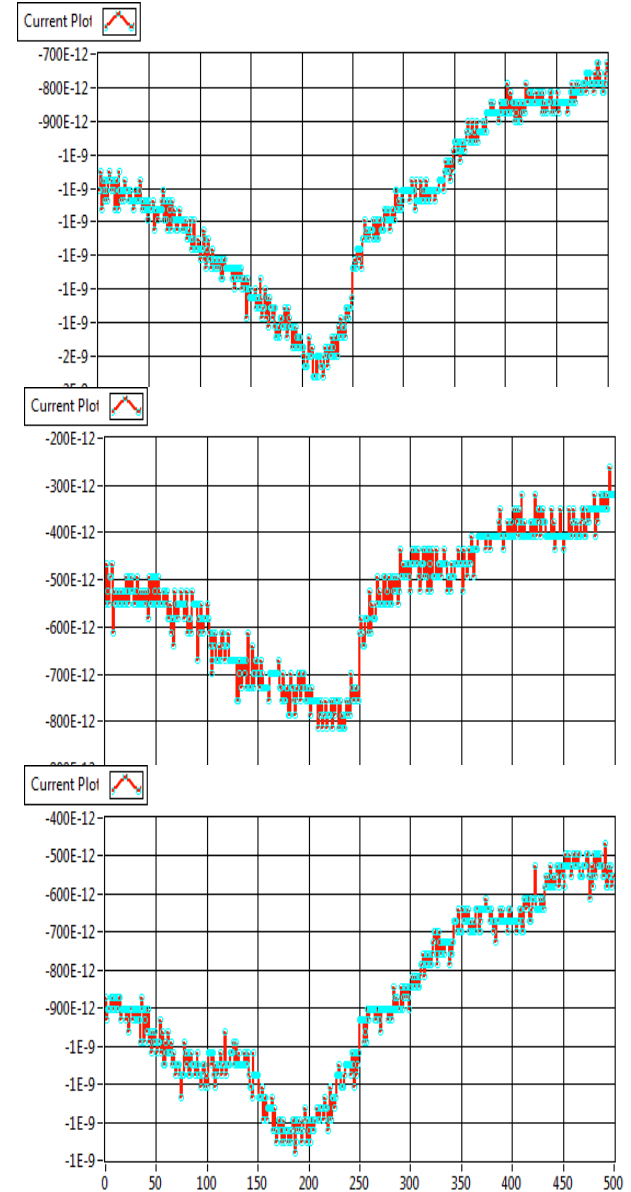
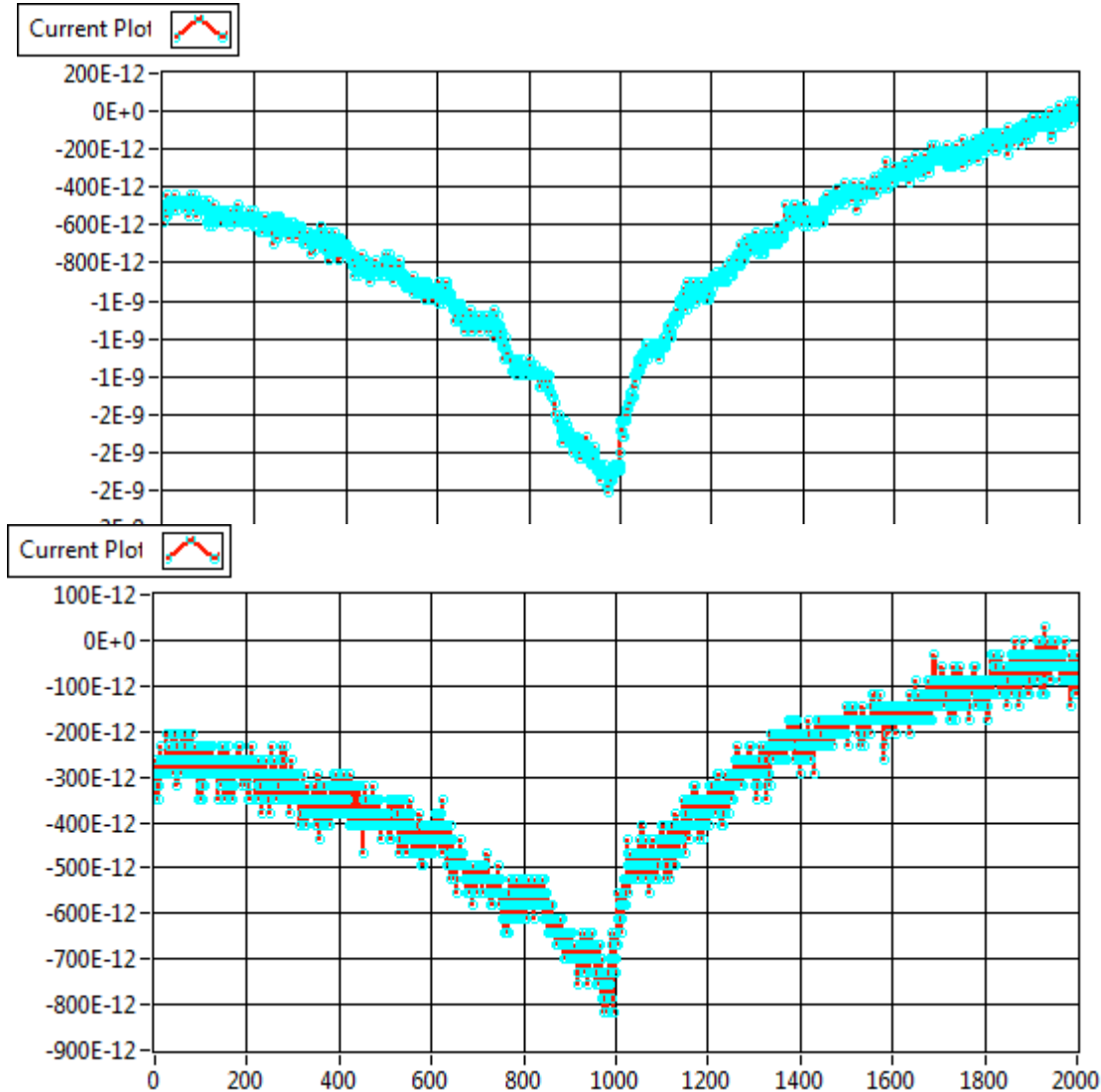
Keithley 6487

current amplifier

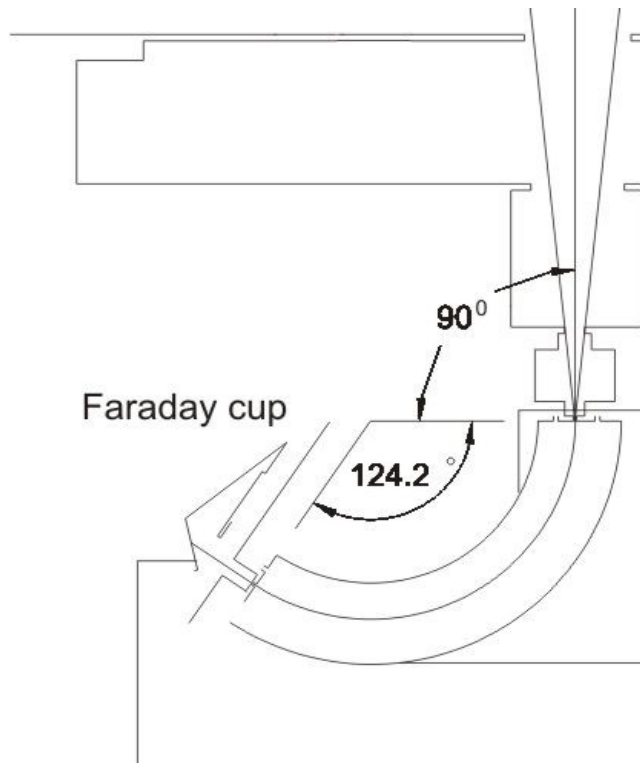
AD-Converter



First set of measurements : 22. Feb 2012



Relation between particles energies detected and voltage on electrodes



Rem Offset correction might be required for data analyses in step 3

```
INPUT "Offset : "; Offset
```

```
Rem or an automatic offset
```

```
OFMAX = 1E+25
```

```
For M = 1 To NumberofDatapoints
```

```
  If OFMAX > Abs(Voltage(M)) Then OFMAX = Abs(Voltage(M)) : Offset  
  = Current(M)  
  Next
```

```
Rem Step 1 reducing measured current by offset
```

```
For M = 1 To NumberofDatapoints
```

```
  Current(M) = Current(M) - Offset  
  Next
```

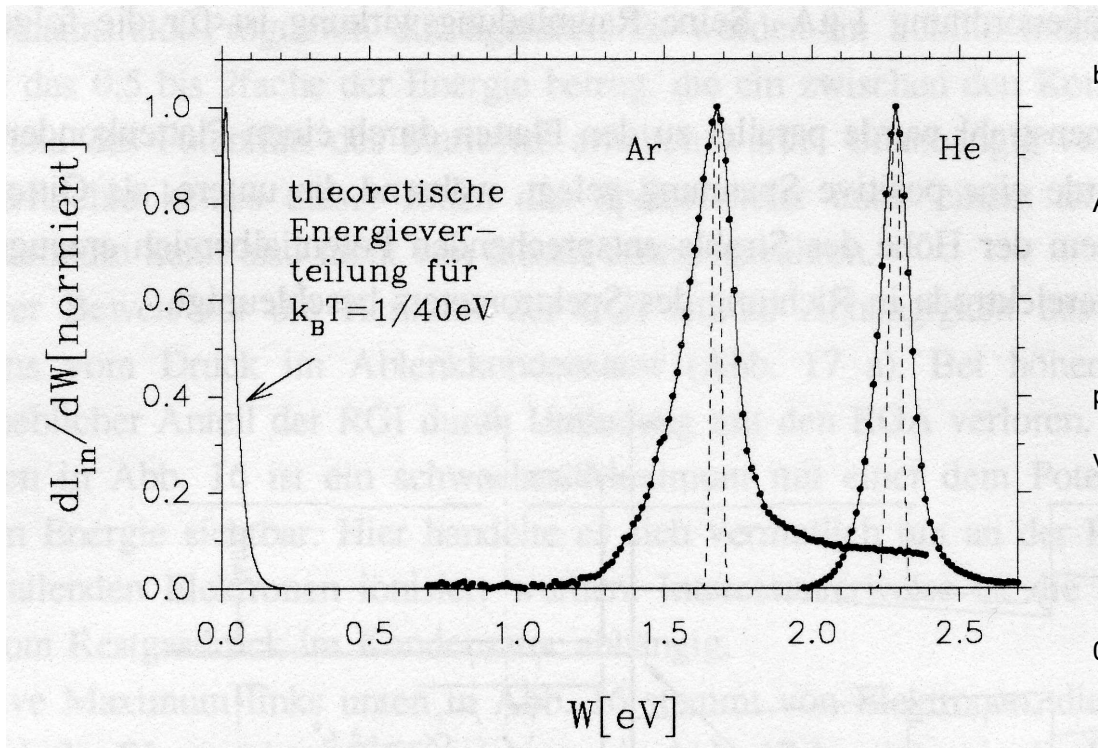
```
Rem Step 2 Relation between voltage on electrode
```

```
For M = 1 To NumberofDatapoints
```

```
  Particleenergy(M) = Voltage(M) * 1.233  
  Next
```

$$W_{particle} = \frac{q \cdot U_{spectrometer}}{2 \cdot \ln \frac{r_{out}}{r_{in}}} = 1.233 \cdot q \cdot U_{spectrometer}$$

Resolution of spectrometer and transfer function



Rem Step 3 correction of current by sensinty function for
basewidth of 1.2 %

For M = 1 To NumberofDatapoints

 If 0.05 < Abs(Particleenergy(M)) Then

 Normalizedparticlerate(M) = (Current(M) * 83.33) /

 Abs(Particleenergy(M))

 Else

 Normalizedparticlerate(M) = 0

 End If

REM not sure what this correction is for (only "positive"
particles ?) but it was in the

REM code, surely comes from Rudolph (names of
variables ;-)) looks like a Taylorexpansion...

 If 0.05 < Particleenergy(M) Then

 A = (0.6611 * Sqr(Particleenergy(M)))

 X = 1 / (1 + 0.47047 * A)

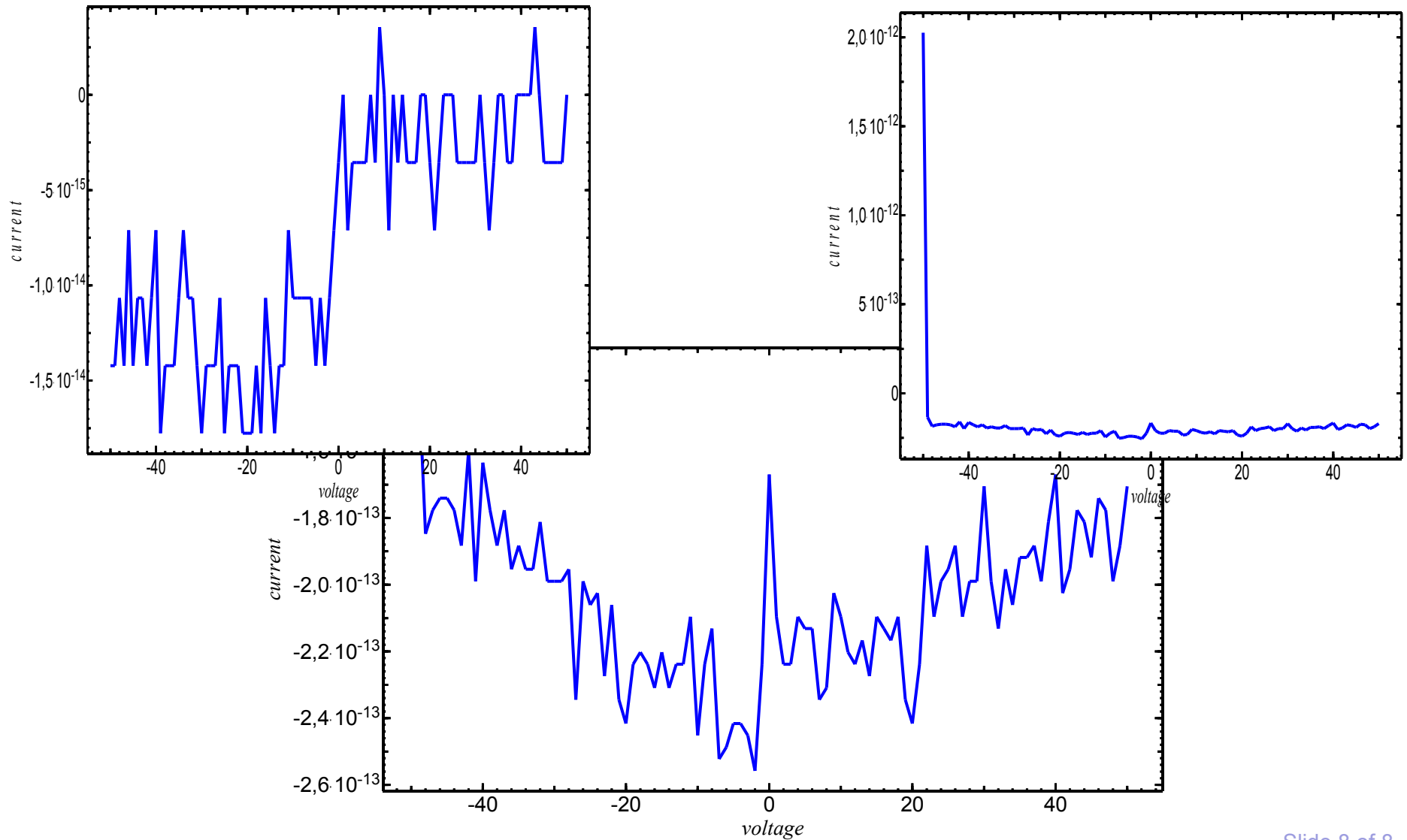
 UWERT = 1 - (0.3480242 * X - 0.0958798 * X * X +
0.7478556 * X * X * X) * Exp(-A * A)

 Current(M) = Current(M) / UWERT

 End If

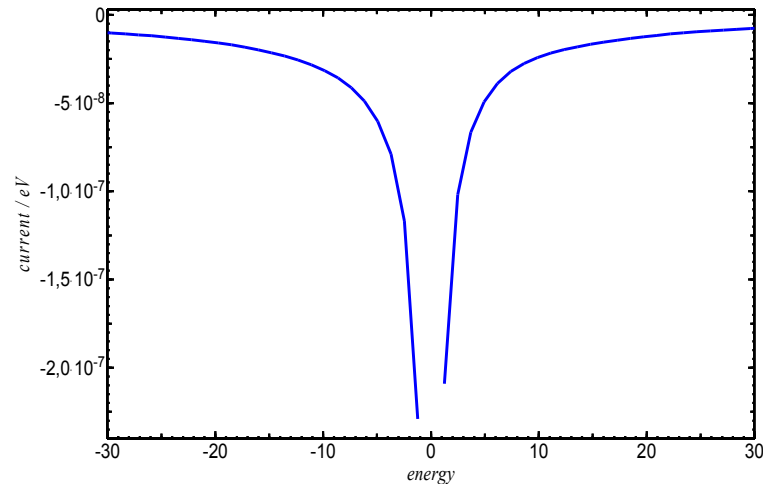
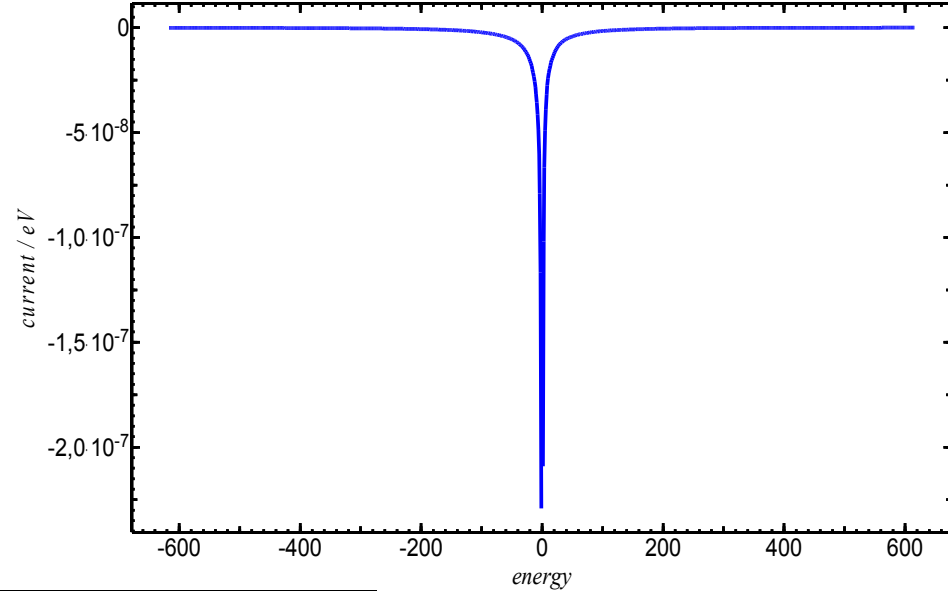
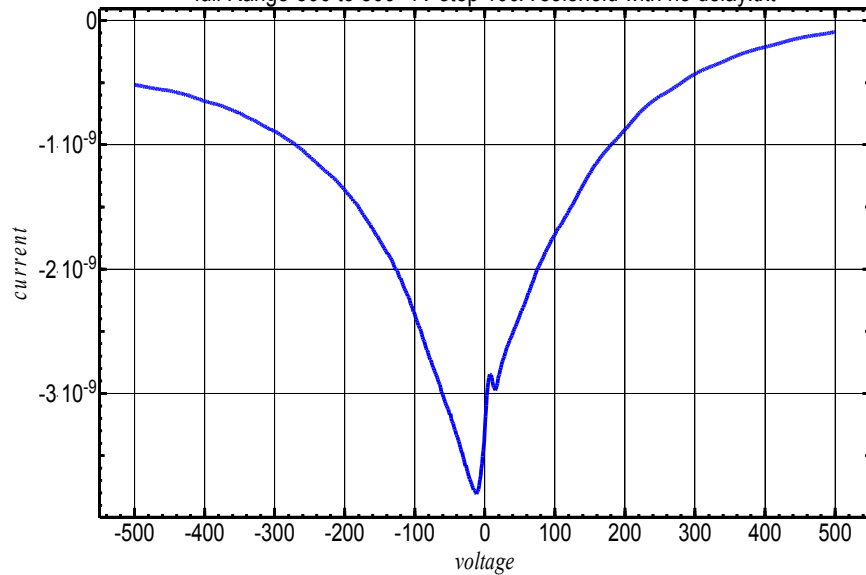
$$2 \cdot \Delta W_{particle} = W_{particle} \frac{d_{slit,in} + d_{slit,out}^{Next}}{r_{slit}} = \pm 1,2\%$$

Second set of measurements : 1st March 2012 - zero check

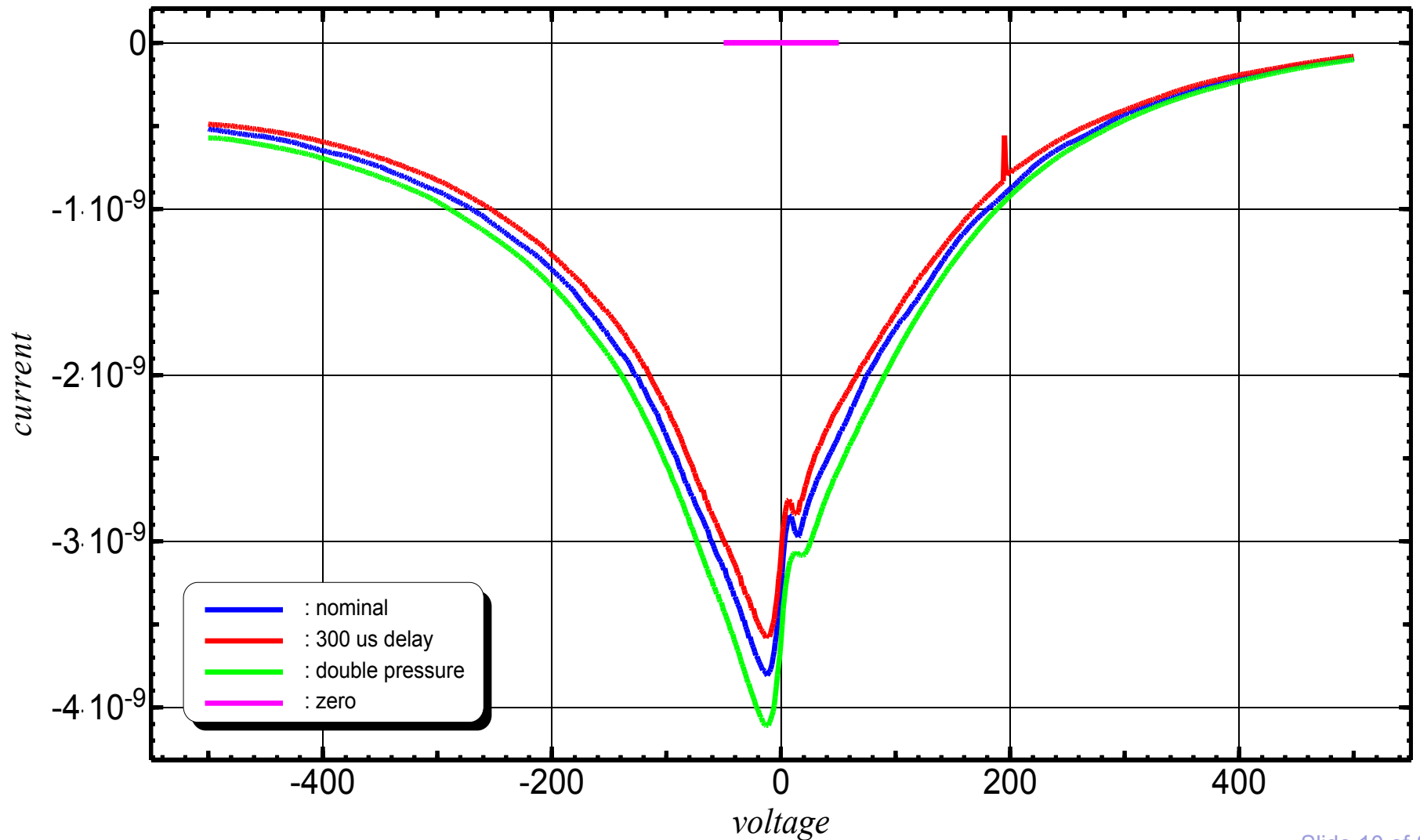


Second set of measurements : 1st March 2012 – measurements 1

full Range-500 to 500 1V step 100A solenoid with no delay.txt



Second set of measurements : 1st March 2012 – measurements 2



Summary

- Zero – measurements with satisfactory results
- Range programming now adjustable to requirements
- Output resolution corrected to allow for data analysis
- Timing details still unresolved
- Pressure issues prevented further measurements / pressure check ok
- Decompensation electrode should be installed in April latest
- If Keithley ammeter is not sufficient
 - Attach DDC 112 setup to FDC or Upgrade to Channeltron
- Second set of compensation measurements April / May